## NEW ORBITS

ADS	Name	P (yr)	T	e	W(2000)	2007	Author
RA 2000 DEC	n (deg)	a (")	i (deg)	w (deg)	Last ob.	2008	
195 00152+2722	J 868 0.3305	1089.17	1725.11 75.2	0.367 352.8	68.9 2006.9575	228.1 5.780 228.3 5.817	NOVAKOVIC
287	BU 1093	471.	1844.26	0.517	132.3	117.2 0.747	LING
00209+1059	0.7643	0.545	42.4	181.6	2005.029	117.4 0.750	
822	A 1903	128.43	1956.53	0.154	137.3	13.4 0.351	DOCOBO
00596-0111	2.8031	0.359	34.7	90.1	1999.8175	15.8 0.350	& LING
-	HDS 211	22.74	1996.99	0.462	68.8	236.6 0.289	DOCOBO et al.(*)
01345+7804	15.8311	0.207	127.7	28.5	2006.9412	232.1 0.283	
1780	A 961	143.09	2038.10	0.571	150.0	279.0 0.308	NOVAKOVIC
02202+2949	2.5159	0.294	145.4	15.6	2003.9517	277.4 0.301	
-	COU2682	36.70	1995.20	0.017	159.1	335.0 0.270	DOCOBO &
04258+1800	9.8093	0.270	60.1	54.4	2000.873	339.9 0.2732	TAMAZIAN
4376	STF3115	1370.0	2106.0	0.633	89.1	340.2 0.814	SCARDIA et al.(**)
05491+6248	0.2628	1.585	144.0	201.6	2007.195	339.6 0.811	
5212	HO 234	382.0	1915.26	0.345	36.2	358.7 0.575	RICA
06345-1114	0.9424	0.69	54.4	183.2	2003.9604	359.5 0.581	
5841	J 703	1360.20	3235.39	0.850	96.2	113.7 9.384	CVETKOVIC
07106+1543	0.2647	12.699	113.4	177.1	2006.9583	113.6 9.446	
-	HDS1149	22.72	2009.24	0.115	21.8	185.0 0.237	DOCOBO et al.(*)
08033+5251	15.8451	0.282	124.4	252.3	2006.9447	170.1 0.200	
10049	H 2 19AB	2397.54	2326.84	0.675	77.5	338.8 2.918	NOVAKOVIC
16256-2327	0.1502	4.250	135.3	226.1	2001.5260	338.7 2.913	
12540	MCA 55Aac	213.86	1998.00	0.256	170.4	107.1 0.376	SCARDIA et al.(**)
19307+2758	1.6834	0.536	154.9	39.4	2005.820	104.1 0.376	
_	DJU 4	615.26	2027.82	0.079	68.1	246.3 1.307	CVETKOVIC
19535+2405	0.5851	1.555	85.9	169.7	2003.000	246.3 1.314	
-	COU2416	52.26	1995.83	0.432	89.4	106.5 0.223	DOCOBO
20151+3742	6.8886	0.211	36.9	255.7	2005.5183	110.8 0.230	& LING
14783	H 1 48	81.71	2003.54	0.805	62.0	239.2 0.313	SCARDIA et al.(**)
21137+6424	4.4060	0.690	83.7	45.2	2005.886	240.3 0.393	
_ 22083+2409	HDS3145 33.3056	10.81 0.094	1997.67 151.8	0.488 311.3	71.2 2006.6897	229.2 0.081 169.9 0.048	DOCOBO et al.(*)
-	HDS3356	19.14	2005.49	0.587	144.0	322.3 0.172	DOCOBO et al.(*)
23334+4251	18.8088	0.256	75.5	80.3	2006.9464	328.7 0.220	
-	SLR 14	118.9	1977.61	0.275	45.1	80.8 0.842	DOCOBO
23506-5142	3.0273	0.814	156.2	202.6	2001.8701	78.4 0.855	& LING

) DOCOBO, BALEGA & TAMAZIAN \*) SCARDIA, PRIEUR, PANSECCHI & ARGYLE

## OTHER PAPERS PUBLISHED IN 2006

- DOMMANGET, J.: "La Determination du Pole d'une Orbite d'Etoile Double Visuelle". Observations et Travaux, 62, 5, 2006.
- DOMMANGET, J. & NYS, O.: "Erreurs relevees dans le Catalogue INDEX 1961,0 (Seconde serie)". Observations et Travaux, 64, 21, 2006.

## ON THE POSSIBLE EXISTENCE OF A VERY LOW-MASS OBJECT IN THE TRIPLE STELLAR SYSTEM GLIESE 22 (HIP 2552)

Hierarchical triple system Gl 22 consists of three red dwarfs Aa, Ab and B. The orbital period of the inner orbit (pair Aa-Ab) is 15.64 yr, whereas that of the outer one (B relative to the mass center of Aa-Ab) is 223.4 yr. Both orbits are coplanar.

When determining the outer orbit, a weak sinusoidal pattern in the apparent motion of the component B has been noticed. It can be attributed to either a very unusual distribution of observational residuals or an unseen fourth body in the system. In the latter case, the star B would consist of the components Ba and Bb.

Under assumption of Bb to be a very low-mass object of 0.015 Msun (16 Mjupiter) on a circular orbit around Ba with a period of  $\sim 15$  yr, semimajor axis 0".35 and coplanar with other two orbits, the observational residuals of the outer orbit are improved. In such case, the component Ba would be moving relative to the mass center of the virtual pair Ba-Bb on an orbit with a semimajor axis of 0".03.

These motions are illustrated in the attached Fig. 1 on which blue line corresponds to the orbit of the Ba-Bb mass center relative to that of Aa-Ab and the red one shows the motion of the component Ba affected by the virtual component Bb. Similar to all visual, photographic and CCD observations, a single speckle measurement marked as "speckle (LC)" had initially been showing the position of B relative to the light center of Aa-Ab. For

the orbits calculation, all such measurements have been reduced to the mass center of Aa-Ab.

J.A. Docobo, V.S. Tamazian, Y.Y. Balega, M. Andrade, D. Schertl, G. Weigelt, and P. Campo

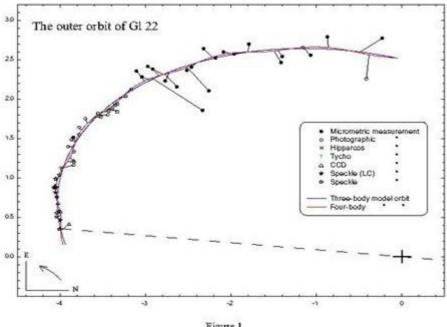


Figure 1

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OMER NYS (1931-2007)

Born on 1 September 1931 at Tamise (Belgium), Omer NYS suddenly died at home in UCCLE (Brussels) on 20 January 2007, leaving behind him a lot of regrets and sadness.

He became a member of the Royal Observatory of Belgium on 1 April 1952 in the "assistant category" to the Scientific Staff and was directed to the Equatorial's Department under the leadership of Dr. Sylvain AREND. He brightly passed the foreseen examinations to its successive degrees.

His excellent basic formation permits to initiate him very early with the various computation methods in astrometry, particularly in visual double star astronomy. Omer was thus logically conducted to acquire good knowledge in celestial mechanics and to participate in orbit computations. He also was involved in various shared domains as the computation of stellar masses and dynamical parallaxes as well as of the relative radial velocities of the components of a binary. He actively contributed in our researches leading to the discovery of a particular spatial organization of the visual double stars orbital planes (J. Dommanget, 2005).

His carrier has been exemplary as well by his desire to acquire some new competencies than by his steadiness in work. Having not been aware of such qualities of our collaborator, we would not have accepted the invitation made at a meeting at the Institut d'Astrophysique of Paris on april 15 1980, to collaborate in recording the available astrometric, photometric and spectroscopic data about the visual double stars needed to assure their correct observation by the HIPPARCOS satellite of the European Space Agency (ESA). This was a challenge, but it was with enthusiasm that we created the "Catalogue of the components of Double and Multiple stars - CCDM" (J. DOMMANGET & O. NYS, 1994), a more adapted version to the need of the mission, than the Index Catalogue of H. M. JEFFERS & W. H. van den BOS, managed at the time by our USNO colleague C. E. WORLEY.

This has probably been our most extended collaboration on a common subject. Seeing that the satellite had completed his mission and the results being published (ESA, 1997), Omer Nys finally - almost alone - pursued the completion of the CCDM beyond his retirement and to this sorrowed day of January 20, 2007.

Many other important activities should be mentioned, as for instance his important collaboration in the development by S. AREND of his own researches on the "Orthogonal Polynomia".

Omer was an upright, guarded and pleasant colleague.

All our sympathy goes to his wife and his family.

J. Dommanget

The deadline for contributions to Information Circular No. 163 is:

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